

## **The Amazing Collection Review Questions for Leaders New Testament Books**

### **Dear Leader:**

*Because we learn by review, review, review...the following are some review questions for leading The Amazing Collection study. Each book review should be discussed after the video and homework for that book have been completed but before the next video in the series. (i.e. do the Matthew Review after watching the Matthew video and doing the Matthew homework but before watching the Mark video.) Asking review questions is a great way to start each session. You might even come back to them from time to time (especially at the end of each workbook) to keep the story fresh. (See Review Contests)*

***There may be many more answers than we have given here.** These are some points we believe are important and should be included in your discussion.*

*Note: 'The Chronological Relationship of the Books Chart' at the end of each workbook is a great review tool. Example, it shows James was the first writer and John the last.*

## **New Testament History (Christ in a body and Christ's body, the church)**

### **Matthew**

1. Give one word to describe what we learn from each of the following:  
Old Testament History Books      *Beginnings (creation, sin, salvation, Israel)*  
Old Testament Writings              *Wisdom (to live life and worship God)*  
Old Testament Prophets              *Warnings (Repent or judgment is coming)*
2. How many New Testament Historical Books are there? *5*
3. What does gospel mean? *Good news*
4. Who wrote the book of Matthew and what did he do before he met Jesus? *Matthew Was a tax collector*
5. What is the theme or how is Jesus portrayed in Matthew? *Jesus is King*
6. In what chapter would you find the Sermon on the Mount? *Chapter 5*
7. In what chapter would you find the Lord's Prayer? *Chapter 6*
8. Who was Matthew's audience? *Jews*
9. What king does Matthew's genealogy go back to? *King David*
10. Why was Jesus genealogy important to Matthew? *To prove Jesus is a legitimate king from the line of King David fulfilling God's promise.*

## Mark

1. Who wrote the book of Mark and what do you know about him? *John Mark  
Cousin of Barnabas, convert of Peter – perhaps Peter's scribe*
2. What is the purpose of the four gospels? *Show four different aspects of Jesus*
3. Was Mark a disciple? *No*
4. Although not a disciple, whose messages does Mark draw from in writing this gospel? *He drew from the preaching of Peter*
5. Who was the audience of the book of Mark? *The Romans*
6. What is the theme or how is Jesus portrayed in the book of Mark? *Jesus is Servant*
7. Why is there no genealogy? *No concern for family of a servant*
8. Why does Mark present more miracles of Jesus than messages?  
*It is a book of servant actions not words.*
9. What can we learn from Jesus words: "I did not come to be served, but to serve and give my life a ransom for many"?

## Luke

1. The first three gospels are called synoptic. What does that mean?  
*Similar – taking a common view.*
2. Who wrote the book of Luke and what do you know about him?  
*Luke was a physician, a Gentile*
3. What is the theme or how is Jesus portrayed in the book of Luke? *Perfect man*
4. Who was the audience of the book of Luke? *Greeks*
5. What two gospels have a genealogy? *Matthew and Luke*
6. What man does Luke's genealogy of Jesus go back to? *Adam, the first 'man'*
7. What was one event or statement in Luke that showed Jesus was human (man)?  
*Born of a woman, he grew, became strong, increased in wisdom, stature and in favor with God and men, emotional anguish in garden, physical pain on cross.*
8. Which one of the three promises God made to Abraham was fulfilled in the gospels?  
*I will give you a descendant who will bless the whole world.*

## John

1. How many New Testament History books are there? *Five*
2. Who wrote the book of John and what do you know about him? *John, a disciple, Part of inner circle of Jesus friends, etc*
3. What is the theme or how is Jesus portrayed in the book of John? *Jesus is God*
4. What is one thing in this book that proved Jesus is God?  
*Witnesses including the Father said He is God.*  
*The miracles proved He is God (forgave sin, healed, raised the dead).*
5. What does John say his purpose for writing the book is? *John 20:31*
6. Name each gospel, the audience it was written to, and what it tells about Jesus:  

|                |                  |                                   |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <i>Matthew</i> | <i>to Jews</i>   | <i>Jesus is King</i>              |
| <i>Mark</i>    | <i>to Romans</i> | <i>Jesus is Servant</i>           |
| <i>Luke</i>    | <i>to Greeks</i> | <i>Jesus is Man (Perfect man)</i> |
| <i>John</i>    | <i>to all</i>    | <i>Jesus is God</i>               |
7. The gospels give the history of what/who? *Jesus - God coming in the flesh*
8. What is the 'gospel' or 'good news'? *(I Corinthians 15:1-8)*

## Acts

1. What is the one word theme about Jesus you learned in each of the four gospels?  

|                |                 |                          |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| <i>Matthew</i> | <i>Jesus is</i> | <i>King</i>              |
| <i>Mark</i>    | <i>Jesus is</i> | <i>Servant</i>           |
| <i>Luke</i>    | <i>Jesus is</i> | <i>Man (perfect man)</i> |
| <i>John</i>    | <i>Jesus is</i> | <i>God</i>               |
2. Who wrote the book of Acts? *Luke*
3. Where the gospels present the history of Jesus in body form, Acts presents the history of what? *The body of Jesus - the church*
4. What is the theme of the book of Acts? *Beginning of the Church*
5. Why did Jesus say it was important for the Holy Spirit to come?  
*To empower men to be His witnesses*
6. What is the church? *Men and women empowered by the Holy Spirit who become Christ's body here on earth*
7. What is the event called when the Holy Spirit came to indwell believers in Christ and the church was born? *Pentecost*
8. Acts 1:8 says that Holy Spirit filled men would take the gospel to what places?  
*Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria and the remotest parts of the earth.*
9. What three men did God use to accomplish this? *Hint: their names all begin with 'P'*  
*Peter to Jerusalem,*  
*Philip to Judea and Samaria,*  
*Paul to the remotest parts of the earth*

## Paul's Letters to the Churches (In Christ)

### Romans

1. What are the first five books of the New Testament called? *New Testament History*
2. What is the gospel or good news? *I Corinthians 15:1-8*
3. What three men whose names begin with "P" did God use to spread the gospel?
4. Who were the first nine of Paul's letters written to? *Churches in different locations*
5. Who were the first nine of Paul's letters named after?  
*Named after the recipients' geographical location*
6. How many letters did Paul write in all? *13*
7. What is the theme of Romans? *Righteousness is in Christ*
8. Although no one is righteous, how are we 'justified' or declared righteous?  
*By faith in Jesus Christ*
9. Once we are declared righteous how does God make us live right in our daily lives?  
*By the indwelling Holy Spirit (Romans 8)*

### I Corinthians

1. Who wrote Romans and I Corinthians? *Paul*
2. What book tells of Paul's conversion experience? *Acts*
3. Approximately what year were Romans and I Corinthians written? *56-57*  
*(See Chronological Chart in back of workbook)*
4. What was the theme of Romans? *Our Righteousness is in Christ*
5. What is the theme of I Corinthians (why did Paul write)? *Church problems corrected*
6. What does it mean to live like a Corinthian? *Live immorally*
7. What was one specific problem in the Corinthian church Paul was writing to correct?  
*As spiritual infants – there was jealousy and strife in the church*  
*There was sexual immorality*  
*There were lawsuits*  
*Marriages were breaking up*  
*There was disorder*
8. In Chapter 13 what one thing would eliminate these sin problems? *Love*

## 2 Corinthians

1. What determined the order/placement of the letters to churches in the Bible? *Length*
2. How many letters did Paul write to churches? *9*
3. Review the themes of Acts, Romans and I Corinthians.
4. What is the theme of 2 Corinthians? *Paul defends his ministry*
5. After his correction of the Corinthians Paul wanted to comfort them. What did he say about 'comfort' in this book? *God is the God of all comfort. He comforts us in all our afflictions. We are to comfort others as He comforts us.*
6. What were some things Paul suffered in his ministry to the churches? *2 Corin 6, 11*
7. What was a vision God gave Paul that Paul shares to validate his authority? *Heaven*
8. What other things did Paul say validated his authority? *2 Corin 11-13*
9. What did God give Paul besides a vision of heaven? *A thorn in the flesh*
10. When Paul asked God to take it away how did God respond? *My grace is sufficient!*

## Galatians

1. How many letters did Paul write in all? *13*
2. Who were the first nine of Paul's letters written to and named after?  
*Written to churches in different locations – Named after the recipients.*
3. Review the themes of the letters to the Romans, I and 2 Corinthians.
4. What book is the first letter Paul wrote chronologically? *Galatians*  
*(See Chronological Relationship chart in back of workbook)*
5. What word is used 10 times in the book of Galatians? *Free or freedom*
6. What is the theme of the book of Galatians? *Freedom in Christ*
7. What was the false teaching or 'different gospel' Paul was refuting?  
*We're saved by grace (Jesus) plus law*
8. Contrast deeds of the flesh with deeds (fruit) of the Spirit?  
*Flesh: immorality, idolatry, strife, jealousy, anger, envying, drunkenness*  
*Spirit: love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, self control*
9. Does freedom from the law mean we are free to do whatever we please? *No*
10. What does it mean to be free from the law? *We don't have to obey the law for salvation. His Holy Spirit changes our 'I have to' to 'I want to' live right.*

## Ephesians

1. Review the themes of the letters to Romans, I and 2 Corinthians and Galatians.
2. What is the theme of the book of Ephesians? *Chosen in Christ to walk in Christ*
3. What is one of the blessings Paul says we have when we are chosen in Christ?  
*We are adopted as sons,  
Have redemption through His blood, the forgiveness of sins,  
Sealed with the Holy Spirit  
Seated with Christ in heavenly places, etc.*
4. All those chosen in Christ are fitted together into what kind of a building?  
*A holy temple in the Lord*
5. Who is the cornerstone of this temple? *Christ is the cornerstone*
6. Chosen in Christ, we are also to walk in Christ. How did we formerly walk?  
*According to this world- the prince of the power of the air (ie the devil)*
7. In Christ, what is one way we are to walk that impacts our relationships with others?  
*Walk in unity, in holiness, in love, in wisdom, in the strength of His might, etc.*
8. What is one part of the armor God offers so we can stand against the devil's schemes or enticements to again walk in the devils ways? *Truth, righteousness, gospel, faith, salvation, the Spirit, the word of God, prayer.*

## Philippians

1. Review the themes of Romans, 1 and 2 Corinthians, Galatians and Ephesians.
2. Where was Paul when he wrote his letter to the Philippians? *In Roman prison*
3. What is the theme of the book of Philippians? *Joy in Christ*
4. What must Christ be to us in order to have joy in suffering? *Christ must be our life.*
5. What assurance does Paul give about death if Christ is our life? *To live is Christ and to die is gain. Better to depart and be with Christ.*
6. Paul compares the Christian life to running a race. What is one thing we are to do?  
*Forget what lies behind  
Reach forward to what lies ahead  
Press toward the goal/prize*
7. God says we don't have to worry or be anxious if we do what? *Pray, make supplications with thanksgiving...let your requests be made known to God.*
8. What did you learn about the Christian life from the book of Philippians?

## Colossians

1. Review the themes of Romans, I and 2 Corinthians, Galatians, Ephesians, Philippians.
2. What are the three letters written to churches during Paul's first imprisonment?  
*Ephesians, Philippians, Colossians (See Chronological chart)*
3. What is the theme of the book of Colossians? *Complete in Christ Col 1:28, 2:10*
4. Paul said there was a mystery he was revealing as to how to be complete in Christ. Where must Christ be? *Christ in you, the hope of glory.*
5. Heresy was invading the church at Colossae. What is one way they were deluded?  
*Worship of angels, captive through philosophy or traditions of men, etc.*
6. What is one thing this book says about Christ to show He is supreme over these?  
*He is creator- by Him all things were created.*  
*He is sustainer- by Him all things hold together, etc.*  
*He is head over all rule and authority (He disarmed them)*
7. Ephesians said Jesus is the cornerstone of the church. What position does Colossians say Christ has in the church? *He is head of the body, the church*
8. What do you learn about Christ and the Christian life from this book?

## I Thessalonians

1. Review the themes of Romans, I and 2 Corinthians, Galatians, Ephesians, Philippians and Colossians.
2. What is the theme of I Thessalonians? *The return of Christ (safe in Christ)*
3. Each chapter of I Thessalonians ends with something about the coming of Christ. What is one thing you learned in this book about the purpose of this event?  
*Jesus is coming to rescue us from the wrath to come*  
*Believers will be in His presence*  
*Inspire holiness - He wants to find us living without blame, holy when He comes*
4. What did you learn in I Thessalonians about what is going to happen when He comes?  
*Jesus will descend from heaven with a shout*  
*With the voice of the archangel*  
*With the trumpet of God sounding*  
*The dead in Christ will rise first*  
*Then those alive will be caught up together with them in the cloud*  
*We shall meet the Lord in the air and always be with the Lord.*
5. Because the coming of Jesus is a sure thing, how are we to live?  
*Sanctified: sexually moral, love one another, live in peace with one another, admonish the unruly, encourage the weak, be patient, etc.*

## 2 Thessalonians

1. Review the themes of all eight of the other letters to the churches.
2. What does the word eschatology mean? *Study of last things*
3. What is the theme of 2 Thessalonians? *The Day of the Lord*
4. This Day is positive for some and negative for others? Based on both books of Thessalonians what is positive for believers or saints?  
*Will be caught up or gathered together to Him (to be with the Lord forever)*  
*Will be relieved of affliction*
5. What is negative about this Day for unbelievers?  
*Destruction will suddenly come upon them, they will not escape,*  
*They will see God's wrath,*  
*God will repay with affliction those who afflicted believers,*  
*His mighty angels in flaming fire will deal out retribution to those who do not*  
*know God and do not obey the gospel*
6. Paul lists three events that precede the Day of the Lord. What are they?  
*Apostasy comes first*  
*One who restrains is taken out of the way – the Holy Spirit*  
*The lawless one is revealed – the Anti-christ*
7. Some in the early church stopped working to wait for Jesus coming. What does 2 Thessalonians say? *Do not grow weary of doing good. Work until He comes.*

## Paul's Letters to Pastors (In the Church)

### I Timothy

1. Give one word to describe what we learn from each of the following:  
Old Testament History Books      *Beginnings (creation, sin, salvation, Israel)*  
Old Testament Writings              *Wisdom (to live godly and worship God)*  
Old Testament Prophets              *Warnings (repent or judgment is coming)*  
New Testament History Books      *Savior (Jesus in body and church)*  
Paul's Letters to Churches          *Teachings (how to live in Christ)*
2. How many letters to pastors did Paul write? *Four*
3. How did the books get their names? *Are named after the recipient*
4. What is the theme of the book of I Timothy? *Leadership in the church*
5. What is the first thing Paul says the leaders of a church should do? *Pray*
6. What is one qualification of overseers and deacons?  
*Above reproach, husband of one wife, temperate, not addicted to wine, not*  
*pugnacious but peaceable, free from love of money, good reputation, etc.*
7. Why should a church leader not be a new convert?  
*Become conceited and fall into snare of the devil*
8. What is one thing you learned about how widows were to be treated in the church?

## 2 Timothy

1. In the Bible, how was the order of the letters to pastors determined?  
*Are placed in order of length*
2. Chronologically which was the last letter Paul wrote? *2 Timothy (see chart)*
3. Who was Timothy and what do you know about him? *Paul's child in the faith, Pastor at Ephesus, young, sickly*
4. Where was and what was about to happen to Paul when he wrote 2 Timothy?  
*Imprisoned for second time – charged as a criminal - about to be martyred*
5. What was happening to Christians at that time? *Much persecution - Nero*
6. What is the theme of 2 Timothy? *Endurance in the Church*
7. The only way to endure is to know the Word. What did Paul tell leaders about it?  
*Be a diligent workman not ashamed accurately handling the word of truth  
All scripture is inspire by God and is profitable...  
Be ready to preach the Word in season and out of season, etc.*

## Titus

1. What do you know about Titus the recipient of Paul's letter? *Pastor on island of Crete, child in the faith and fellow worker of Paul, comforted Paul*
2. What is the theme of the book of Titus? *Order in the Church*
3. Paul first dealt with order in church leadership. What did he say was crucial for a leader? *Must have good character and conduct*
4. What is one of the character qualities a church leader must have? *Above reproach, husband of one wife, believing children (not rebellious) temperate, not pugnacious, not in it for money, hospitable, self-controlled, hold fast word*
5. According to Titus 2:3-5 what would a woman leader/mentor look like today?
6. What did you learn about God from the book of Titus? *He is God of order, He cannot lie, He is our Savior, He has grace to bring salvation, etc.*
7. What did you learn about leaders and order in the church from this book?

## Philemon

1. Name the three pastors Paul wrote letters to: *Timothy, Titus, and Philemon*
2. What do you know about Philemon? *Beloved brother and fellow worker, church met in his house, had a slave Onesimus*
3. What is the theme of the book of Philemon? *Forgiveness in the Church*
4. Who was Onesimus and what did he do that Philemon needed to forgive?  
*He was Philemon's slave who stole from Philemon and ran away*
5. What happened to Onesimus when he met Paul in Rome? *Became a believer-brother*
6. After Onesimus became a believer what was it necessary for him to do? *Go back to make restitution*
7. How are we to forgive? *As Christ has forgiven us*

## Other Letters and Revelation (Faith)

### Hebrews

1. Who wrote 13 letters to churches and pastors? *Paul*
2. What are the last 9 letters of the New Testament called? *General epistles*
3. Which of the general letters requires knowledge of the Old Testament to understand?  
*Hebrews (also Jude but we haven't studied it yet!)*
4. Who was the book of Hebrews written to? *Jews who had become believers in Christ*
5. What is the theme of Hebrews (what was it written to show the Jewish believers)?  
*(Faith's object) Christ is superior (to everything!)*
6. How does Hebrews define faith? *It is assurance without seeing the end result*
7. What do you learn about faith from those who displayed it in Hebrews 11?  
*Faith was based on the Word... Faith comes from hearing Word of God. Each one in Heb 11 heard God and obeyed. Some never saw the result but trusted the Word for it.*
8. What is one thing from Israel's past that Christ is superior to?  
*Prophets, Moses, Priests, old covenant, sacrifices*
9. Why was Christ superior to the priests? *They died, He is eternal*
10. Why was Christ's sacrifice superior to the sacrifice of bulls and goats?  
*Their blood didn't take away sin, had to keep making sacrifices over and over but Christ was sacrificed once for all.*

### James

1. Which was the first letter written? (It was also the first New Testament book written.)  
*James (see Chronological chart)*
2. What do you know about the author of this book? *James the half brother of Jesus*
3. What is the theme of the book of James? *Faith that works*
4. Are we justified or made righteous by faith or by works? *By faith – Abraham believed God and it was counted to him as righteousness.*
5. What does James say about the importance of works? *Works prove our faith*
6. Why should we count it all joy when we have a trial?  
*Trials test or prove our faith, produce endurance and perfect us.*
7. Faith that works controls the tongue. What is one thing James taught about the tongue? *No one can control the tongue, etc.*

### I Peter

1. Review the themes of Hebrews, James and I Peter.
2. How many general epistles are there - letters written by someone other than Paul? *9*
3. What do you know about Peter the writer of 1 Peter?
4. Who was Peter writing to and what was their condition? *Mostly Jewish Christians who were scattered and suffering great persecutions*
5. What is the theme of the book of I Peter? *Faith endures suffering*

6. What is one thing Peter said about suffering? *Don't suffer for doing wrong but for doing right, endure suffering with patience, Christ also suffered leaving us an example, when suffering entrust yourself to God, can be God's will, suffering for being a Christian glorifies God.*
7. What is one good thing that can come from suffering? *Tests and proves faith, finds favor with or pleases God, brings blessing, perfects us, is witness to others*
8. What example from nature did Peter use to describe the devil, one source of suffering? *An adversary who prowls around like a roaring lion seeking someone to devour*

## 2 Peter

1. How many letters did Paul write? *13*
2. How many General Epistles (letters not written by Paul) are there? *Nine*
3. How are they named? *Usually by the author (except Hebrews and Revelation)*
4. What is the theme of the book of 2 Peter? *Identify false teachers*
5. To recognize false teachers we must know the truth. What is one thing Peter said about the Word of God? *Can be believed because writers were eyewitnesses of Jesus. Scripture was not given by human will but men moved by the Holy Spirit.*
6. According to Peter, what is one characteristic of a false prophet or teacher? *Deny Master who bought them, sensual, greedy, exploit people with false words, carouse in the daytime (into pleasure), deceptive, entice unstable souls,*
7. False teachers mocked Jesus second coming saying nothing has changed since creation. What does Peter say they are forgetting? *The flood – God judged once and will again.  
God's timing - 1000 years is like one day to God so He is not late.*
8. Jesus never talks about His coming without telling us how to live until He comes? What is one thing we are to be doing? *Live in peace, spotless, blameless, and looking for His coming, on guard, growing*

## I John

1. What do you know about John the writer of this book?
2. How many books of the Bible did John write? *Five*
3. Name the five books John wrote: *Gospel of John, 1, 2 and 3 John and Revelation*
4. What is the theme of the book of I John? *Fellowship with God*
5. What is one thing you learn about God in the book of I John? *God is light, love, life, righteous, returning, lives in us by the Spirit*
6. In his gospel, John 17:3, what is John's definition of eternal life? *Eternal life is knowing God by knowing Jesus.*
7. What did I John say about eternal life? (eternal fellowship with God) *We can know we have it. Eternal life is in His Son, if we have the Son, we have life.*
8. What is one thing you learned about the 'world'? *We can love it and the things of it, Those in it practice sin, does not love, does not confess Jesus is from God, If we love it, the love of the Father is not in us,  
In the world is lust of flesh, lust of eyes, pride of life which hinder fellowship*

## 2 John

1. Chronologically - date written not book placement - who wrote the last five books that are in the Bible? *John (see Chronological chart)*
2. What have you learned about John the writer of 2 John?
3. What is the theme of the book of 2 John? *Shun false teachers (don't fellowship with)*
4. How does John say in his writings that truth will behave toward others? *With love*
5. How does 2 John say you will recognize a false teacher?  
*They do not acknowledge Jesus Christ came in the flesh*  
*They do not abide in or bring the teaching of Christ*
6. How are we to respond when false teachers come to our door?  
*Do not receive them into your house. Do not even give them a greeting*
7. If we do not heed John's warning about receiving false teachers, what are we doing?  
*Participating in false teacher's evil deeds!*

## 3 John

1. Review the one characteristic about Jesus from each of the four gospels.  
*Matthew King, Mark Servant, Luke Perfect Man, John God*
2. Name two of the twelve disciples who wrote gospels. *Matthew, John*
3. Which of Paul's letters told us how to get righteous? *Romans*
4. Which of the General letters said Christ is Superior to everything? *Hebrews*
5. Which two General letters dealt with false teachers? *2 Peter, 2 John*
6. Name two of the twelve disciples who wrote general letters. *Peter and John*
7. What is the shortest book in the Bible? *3 John*
8. What is the theme of the book of 3 John? *Show hospitality (fellowship with believers)*
9. John said don't invite false teachers in your door, but who were they to welcome and why?  
*Strangers who went out for Jesus sake, we're to support as fellow worker*  
*Send them on their way in manner worthy of God; Hospitality proves we are of God.*  
*(Don't fellowship with false teacher, do fellowship with true teacher.)*

## Jude

1. Which of Paul's letters told us there is freedom in Christ? *Galatians*
2. Which of Paul's letters said you were chosen to walk in Christ? *Ephesians*
3. Which of Paul's letters was about endurance in the church? *2 Timothy*
4. What do you know about the author of the book of Jude? *Jude, brother of James, half brother of Jesus, etc.*
5. What is the theme of the book of Jude? *Contend for the faith*
6. Who did they need to contend against and why? *False teachers crept into the church.*  
*Ungodly persons who turn grace of God into licentiousness, deny Jesus Christ.*
7. How did these false teachers behave? *Indulge in gross immorality, reject authority, care for themselves, grumble, find fault, flatter people to take advantage*
8. What is a picture from nature Jude uses to explain what false teachers are like and what does it mean? *Like unreasoning animals, hidden reefs (dangerous), clouds without water (useless), autumn trees without fruit (fruitless), etc.*

9. What are we to do since false teachers exist in our world? *Build yourself up in your most holy faith, pray in the Holy Spirit, keep yourself in God's love (obey)*

### **Revelation**

1. Who wrote the book of Revelation? *John*
2. Where was he (and why was he there) when he wrote it? *Exiled on Island of Patmos*
3. What is the theme of the book of Revelation? *God's final victory*
4. What can we learn from the songs or prayers of the angels, elders, etc. around God's throne? *All praise, He is worthy, etc.*
5. What is one reason Jesus condemned the churches that we need to remember today?  
*Left first love, greedy (teaching of Balaam), they tolerate sin, are lukewarm*
6. What is one thing you learned about the great Tribulation?
7. What is one thing you learned about the New Heaven and New Earth?
9. What have you learned about God in this book?